F.No. CBIC-20001/4/2024-GST
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
(Department of Revenue)
Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs
GST Policy Wing

North Block, New Delhi Dated the 26th June, 2024

To,

The Principal Chief Commissioners/ Chief Commissioners/ Principal Commissioners/ Commissioners of Central Tax (All)
The Principal Directors General/ Directors General (All)

Madam/Sir,

Subject: Clarification on time of supply in respect of supply of services of construction of road and maintenance thereof of National Highway Projects of National Highways Authority of India (NHAI)in Hybrid Annuity Mode (HAM) model -reg.

Representations have been received from the trade and the field formations seeking clarification regarding the time of supply in respect of supply of services of construction of road and maintenance thereof of National Highway Projects in Hybrid Annuity Mode (HAM) model, where certain portion of Bid Project Cost is received during construction period and remaining payment is received through deferred payment (annuity) spread over years.

2. In order to clarify the issue and to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of law across the field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred by section 168 (1) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as "CGST Act"), hereby clarifies the issues as under:

S.No.	Issue Clarification					
1.	Under HAM model of National	Under the Hybrid Annuity Model (HAM) of				
	Highways Authority of India	concession agreements, the highway development				
	(NHAI), the concessionaire has	projects are under Design, Build, Operate and				
	to construct the new road and	Transfer model (DBOT), wherein the				
	provide Operation &	concessionaire is required to undertake new				
	Maintenance of the same which	construction of Highway, as well as the Operation				
	is generally over a period of 15-	and Maintenance (O&M) of Highways. The				
	17 years and the payment of the	payment terms for the construction portion as well				
	same is spread over the years.	as the O&M portion of the contract are provided in				
	What is the time of supply for the	the agreement between National Highways				
	purpose of payment of tax on the	Authority of India (NHAI) and the concessionaire.				
	said service under the HAM					
	model?	2.1 A HAM contract is a single contract for				
		construction as well as operation and maintenance				
		of the highway. The payment terms are so				
		staggered that the concessionaire is held				
		accountable for the repair and maintenance of the				
		highway as well. The contract needs to be looked				
		at holistically based on the services to be				
		performed by the concessionaire and cannot be				
		artificially split into two separate contracts for				
		construction and operation and maintenance, based				
		on the payment terms. The concessionaire is				
		bound contractually to complete not only the				
		construction of the highway but also to operate and				
		maintain the same.				
		2.2 In HAM contract, the payment is made				
		spread over the contract period in installments and				
		payment for each installment is to be made after				

specified periods, or on completion of an event, as specified in the contract. The same appears to be covered under the 'Continuous supply of services' as defined under section 2(33) of the CGST Act.

2.3 As per clause (a) of Section 13(2) of CGST Act, the time of supply in respect of a supply of services shall be the date of issue of Invoice, or date of receipt of payment, whichever is earlier, in cases where invoice is issued within the period prescribed under section 31 of CGST Act. Further, as per clause (b) of Section 13(2) of CGST Act, in cases where invoice is not issued within the period prescribed under section 31, the time of supply of service shall be date of provision of the service or date of receipt of payment, whichever is earlier. However, as per section 31(5) of CGST Act, in cases of **continuous supply** of services, where the payment is made periodically, either due on a specified date or is linked to the completion of an event, the invoice is required to be issued on or before the specified date or the date of completion of that event.

2.4 Accordingly, as per section 13(2) of CGST Act, read with section 31(5) of CGST Act, time of supply of services under HAM contract, including construction and O&M portion, should be the date of issuance of such invoice, or date of receipt of payment, whichever is earlier, if the invoice is issued on or before the specified date or the date of completion of the event specified in the contract, as

applicable. However, in cases, where the invoice is not issued on or before the specified date or the date of completion of the event specified in the contract, as per clause (b) of section 13(2), time of supply should be the date of provision of the service, or date of receipt of payment, whichever is earlier. In case of continuous supply of services, the date of provision of service may be deemed as the due date of payment as per the contract, as the invoice is required to be issued on or before the due date of payment as per the provisions of Section 31(5) of CGST Act.

- 3. In the light of above, it is clarified that the tax liability on the concessionaire under the HAM contract, including on the construction portion, would arise at the time of issuance of invoice, or receipt of payments, whichever is earlier, if the invoice is issued on or before the specified date or the date of completion of the event specified in the contract, as applicable. If invoices are not issued on or before the specified date or the date of completion of the event specified in the contract, tax liability would arise on the date of provision of the said service (i.e., the due date of payment as per the contract), or the date of receipt of the payment, whichever is earlier.
- 4. It is also clarified that as the installments/annuity payable by NHAI to the concessionaire also includes some interest component, the amount of such interest shall also be includible in the taxable value for the purpose of payment of tax on the said

	annuity/installment	in	view	of	the	provisions	of	
	section 15(2)(d) of the CGST Act.							

- 3. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this Circular.
- 4. Difficulty, if any, in implementation of this Circular may please be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version would follow.

(Sanjay Mangal) Principal Commissioner (GST)